BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1873. VOLUME XL—NUMBER 13.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

TERMS—$5.00 per Year,
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

at the office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

A. S. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

A. N. SELLS, Agent, No. 6, Tremont Street, Boston.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

HORACE DODD, Agent, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

The name is entered to the colored slip shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

Business Cards.

PATRONIZE

The New Clothing House,

No. 1 Dolan's Block, Main Street,

where you will find good bargains in

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,

and your garments cut and made in the latest and most approved style.

M. BOYCE & CO.

Special Notice.

THE subscribers, of the late firm of E. & S. S. LOW, 32 CO., beg to thank their friends and patrons for past patronage, and would inform them that he is ready to attend to all orders in the MOVING LINE, Brick, Wood or Stone Building, Raised or Moved to order.

☞ Residence, 38 Centre Street. Box 385

S. S. LOW.

Bangor, April, 1869.

Engines and Boilers for Sale.

The subscriber will sell, at a very low price, a 20-Horse Power Boiler, Portable Steam Engine, in good repair; has been run but a year and a half. Also a 10-Horse Power Stationary Engine, in good running order; also 2 large Fine Boilers, one 30 feet and the other 20 feet long, 42 inches in diameter.

Parties wishing convenient, cheap and reliable power, will do well to call and examine our engines.

CLARK & JEN'S SON,

Harbor's Steam Mill, Etna, Nov. 21, 1871.

Hardick's Patent

CELEBRATED

NIAGRA STEAM PUMP.

These Pumps can be seen in operation at Dole & Plaisted's Works, Front Street, at Barker Brothers' Blacksmith Works, and at our shop.

All those for sale.

HIN KL Y & GERRY IRON C L, Agents.

Office No. 1 Hanover St., Bangor, Dec. 4, 1872.

ELIZABETH WYER,

49 Grove Street,

W. make and repair all kinds of FURS in genteel style, and the most thorough manner.

FUR GLOVES made to order for Gentlemen or Ladies.

Black and Sable Skins made up so as to please the most particular.

Bangor, Nov. 1, 1872.

TO BUILDERS,

AND

Those Proposing to Build.

THE BANGOR & PISCATAQUIS SLATE COMPANY, have established a depth of from 100 to 110 ft. *perpendicular in the solid ledge*, in their Quarry at Brownville, Maine, are enabled to offer to Builders, and those proposing to build, a Roofing Slate, which is, sometimes, the slate being taken from *less than the first strength and elasticity of material, uniformity in thickness, dark and unchangeable color and economy of preparation (for laying,)* and is further every requisite of a perfect slate, they do not hesitate to pronounce SUPERIOR to any heretofore or domestic, ever offered for sale in this country.

Orders by letter or otherwise will be promptly filled, on application to the subscribers.

C. B. ABBOT,

Upper Steamboat Wh rf.

Bangor, April 15th, 1872.

WM M. ROBINSON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

And Solicitor in Bankruptcy.

SOULTON, MAINE.

JAMES H BURGESS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WINN, MAINE.

Notice.

The subscriber has been appointed by the European and North American Railway Company, EMIGRANT AGENT, for the purpose of distributing and publishing information of the extent, value and advantages of THE LANDS OF MAINE suitable for settlement, and other wise encouraging immigration into this State. He is constantly at the office of the Treasurer of said Company, in Washington Street, Bangor, Maine, ready to aid all who are seeking information in regard to those lands, or are desirous of taking up and cultivating any portion of them.

Bangor June 12, 1871 JAMES A. PURINTON.

Frank S. Jennison & Co.,

39 Broad St., Old Stand, 39

Are the only authorized persons to sign in liquidation, of the Firm of JENNISON & PIERCE. They will pay off firm debts.

FRANK S JENNISON & CO.

Bangor, Nov. 20, 1872. ocet

P. S. & J. B. HUCKINS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HARD PINE TIMBER,

PLANK & BOARDS,

OAK TIMBER & PLANK,

Oak and Locust Treenails,

Wharf and Dock Border St., East Boston;

Boston Office, 44 Central St.

August 12, 1872. 1y

CHAPMAN & DONIGAN,

Attorneys at Law,

55 West Market Square,

BANGOR.

Specialties: Collection of demands, Conveyancing, and Criminal Law.

Office open day and evening.

A. J. CHAPMAN. J. W. DONIGAN.

July 16, 1872. tf

French Herbs for Seasoning.

Sage,
Summer Savory,
Sweet Marjoram,
Thyme,

FOR SALE BY

J. F. PATTEN,

novl9 No. 1, Granite Block.

Partnership Notice.

SNOW & MAYO have formed a copartnership to conduct the DRY GOODS BUSINESS, at No. 31 Main Street, Bangor.

EDWARD C. SNOW.
HENRY A. MAYO.

Bangor, Oct. 3, 1872.

J. W. PERRY,

DEALER IN

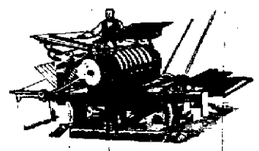
Coffins, Caskets,

AND

FURNITURE of all Kinds,

Oldtown, Maine. Tf&Bm

JOB PRINTING!



THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, OFFICE, Kenduskeag Bridge.

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN AND FANCY Job Printing EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

FOR DOING

Job Work,

TO BE FOUND

THIS SIDE OF BOSTON,

And shall endeavor at all times, to see that Work is promptly and faithfully done; and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers,

And save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a job of Printin .

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP

WITH THE MODERN

IMPROVEMENTS

AND

Give our Customers as Good Work as can be Secured.

We have now in our Office, among other Material, a

Babcock Steam Power Press;
Babcock Steam Power Half-Medium Jobber
Babcock Quarter-Medium Jobber;
Babcock Eighth-Medium Jobber;
Gordon Franklin Card and Bill-Head Press
Ruggles Rotary Card and Bill-Head Press;
Large and Small Hand Presses;
Ruggles Paper Cutter;
Ruggles Rotary Card Cutter, &c. &c.,

And are constantly receiving

Additions of Type

FROM

Philadelphia, New York and Boston Foundries

We are Prepared to Execute in the Best Style,

MAMMOTH POSTERS,
HAND BILLS.
SHOP BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
CIRCULARS,
WAY BILLS,
BILL HEADS

BILLS OF FARE
LABELS OF ALL KINDS.
BANK CHECKS,
BANK BOOKS,
BLANK NOTES,
BILLS OF LADING

INSURANCE BLANKS.
TOWN BLANKS.
SURVEYORS' BILLS.
WOOD BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
SCHOOL BILLS
INVOICES, &c

WEDDING, VISITING,

AND

BUSINESS CARDS

OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALITIES,

As cheap as any other establishment in this vicinity

Persons wishing for work in our line are invited to call, as we can suit them, both as to Style and Price.

PRINTING DONE

WITH

Black, Blue, or Red Ink,

OR WITH

TWO OR MORE COLORS

And particular attention paid to

BRONZE WORK.

[illegible]

Real Estate.

For Rent.

Four or five good rooms, suitable for a small family. Apply at No. 19 Third street.

Jan9 1w*

House for Rent.

Six or seven Rooms in good repair and pleasant location. Enquire of E. H. CASS, or F. WHITTIER. Jan3

OFFICES TO LET.

The two large and desirable offices in Harlow's Block (second story) now occupied by Dr. Jewell, will be vacated Jan. 15, and will be let singly or together. For terms apply to S. C. HARLOW.

dec18

For Rent.

A desirable tenement just put in thorough repair, convenient for a small family without children. CHARLES RITTERIDGE,

dec3 No. 88 Harlow St.

For Rent.

Two small but convenient tenements with Stable, on Birch Street.

Apply at Paint Shop, No. 9 State Street.

nov28 H. S. DUNBAR.

TO LET.

ROOMS WITH POWER. Apply to

oct29 tf J. W. STRANGE, Franklin Street.

Tenements to Rent.

Enquire at the Insurance Office formerly occupied by the late J. W. HATHAWAY, corner Central and Hammond Streets.

April 3, 1872. H. H. SHERMAN, Adm'r.

For Rent.

Store No. 20 Main street, now occupied by BINNS & CO. One of the best stores and most desirable stands in the city. Possession given Nov. 1st. Also two rooms over the store.

Aug. 30th. tf THOMAS HERSEY, Pickering Block.

For Rent.

Store No. 33 Broad Street and 12 Pickering Square.

Apply to L. W. ALLEN, Depot Block, Old City Point Block, Exchange Street. aug28

Assignee's Sale.

In pursuance of orders of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine, I shall sell at public auction, at 9 o'clock A. M., on the 16th day of January, 1873, at the store of John Osborn, No. 24 West Market Square, in Bangor, the following described articles belonging to the estate of John Osborn, Bankrupt:

One large Howard Regulator Clock, in perfect order; cost price $800.

One Safe, built to order at a cost of $175—good as new.

One Fancy Clock with glass shade.

One Show Case.

All the above articles being mortgaged to secure the payment of $400 and interest from Sept. 10th, 1872, they will be sold subject to said mortgage.

Also, the entire stock and materials of said John Osborn, consisting of Watches, Chains, Watch Materials, &c., including a fine assortment of Watch Glasses and Cases.

Also one large Safe with double doors, fitted with watch trays, &c.

Said articles can be seen in said store until time of sale.

C. F. WOODARD,
Assignee of Estate of said John Osborn.

dec31

GEORGE'S HOTEL,

MAIN ST., THOMASTON, MAINE.

This old, well-known and favorite House has during the past winter, been thoroughly overhauled, remodeled, and supplied with new furniture, in style equal to any Hotel of the day, is now ready for permanent and transient boarders.

The rooms are all light and airy, the arrangement being such, that each room has a view upon Main Street, a street unsurpassed in beauty by none in the State. Making it a most pleasant resort for visitors from cities during the summer season.

The Larder will be kept fully supplied with the best the market affords, at all times and seasons, and no pains or expense spared to make the condition of all who may patronize the House agreeable and happy.

Central and commodious Sample Rooms are open in connection with the House, to accommodate Commercial Traveling Agents.

Coaches leave the House to connect with all the steamers touching at Rockland from east and west, also to convey passengers to and from the cars.

Carleton's well known Livery Stable is connected with the Hotel.

All old acquaintances and friends at the LYNDE HOUSE, where the undersigned officiated as Clerk from its opening, are invited not to forget his present residence. He will be at home and happy to meet them all.

WILLIAM R. BICKFORD, Proprietor.

CHARLES H. GLOYD, Clerk.

Thomaston, June 1st, 1872. tuesu14

Sportsmen

AND

TOURISTS

Visiting the Maritime Provinces can be supplied with all requisite materials for the

FOREST AND LAKE RIVER,

—AT—

Mackenzie Brothers,

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, SILK MERCERS

—AND—

GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

42 King Street, St. John, New Brunswick.

Prices at the above establishment reliable.

LYNDE HOTEL,

ROCKLAND, MAINE

C. A. LYNDE, - - Proprietor.

THE HOUSE has been erected the present season, on the corner of Main and Main St. Rockland, and is now open for the public patronage.

Clean beds, pleasant rooms, good fare, and careful attendance, will be offered to the guests of this house, and no pains will be spared to make their stay agreeable. Nearly every room looks out upon the bay, and every room in the house is pleasant, thus affording to persons desirous of enjoying the sea breeze and spending the summer months, an opportunity to do so, without leaving an island, where they can enjoy the sea air and nothing else.

Have taken especial pains to prepare convenient sample rooms.

Carriages to take passengers to and from the house free of charge.

Good Livery Stable connected with the house, and good stable for transient horses.

aug7 tf

RAILROAD TICKETS,

PASSENGERS going West and South, can obtain Tickets at Bangor of the undersigned, Agent for the

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

This is a direct, and well managed route, connecting without change of cars, at Union depots.

Also, Agents for the

ERIE RAILWAY.

Tickets to Boston by Rail or Boat; and from Boston to Buffalo by either route; from Buffalo to any point West, or Southwest.

E. F. & W. G. DURREN,

No. 4, Hammond Street.

Next door west of Eastern Express Office.

jan16

PROVIDENCE HOUSE

ON EUROPEAN PLAN,

163 Washington and 11 Province Courts,

Opposite Old South Church, Boston.

G. A. COWAN, Proprietor.

(Late of Parks House.)

This House recently opened. Everything new throughout. Rooms by the day or week 50 cents and $1.00 per day.

BOSTON LEAD CO.

[INCORPORATED 1830.]

J. HADWIN & CO., Agts

Office, No. 24 & 26 Oliver Street, Boston.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Boston Pure White Lead

DRY AND GROUND IN OIL.

[illegible]

DR. H. A. BARROW

may be confidentially consulted, as usual, at his private office,

18 MAIN STREET, BANGOR,

from 9 till 1 and from three till 5 P. M., and at

FRANKLIN HOUSE

from 6 till 8 P. M.

Hundreds are suffering from the effects of early indiscretion, who may be restored to health and strength by consulting an educated Physician, who has made these diseases a specialty.

Dr. Barrow's treatment, during an extensive practice of many years, has been eminently successful in curing Nervous, Mental and Physical Debility, Exhaustion, Inaptitude for Business or Application, Dimness of Sight, Giddiness, or Noises in the Head of Ears, Painful Dreams, Pimples on the Face or Body, want of Nervous Force, Timidity, Bashfulness in Society, Pains in the Back or Loins, Impaired Memory, Irritability, Weakness of the entire System, Palpitation of the Heart, General Indecision, and numerous other symptoms, leading to Premature Decay, Impotence, Sterility, Physical Semilitude, &c.

The Doctor particularly invites those patients whose cases have been neglected or pronounced incurable, to place themselves without delay under his care, assuring them all that can be accomplished by science, skill, and the successful results of a long practice, will be at their service.

He distinctly states no case will be undertaken unless a permanent cure can be guaranteed.

All letters containing the usual consultation fee of $5, and fully describing the case, will be be immediately attended to.

All letters and parcels for Dr. Barrow to be directed to Franklin House, Bangor.

jan22 tf

LIVE BAIT.

FOR PICKEREL, at

CAPT. E. T. RUGG'S', Pushaw, Me.

o RAMSDELL, & NEAL, Bangor.

dec23 4w

Lasell Female Seminary,

Auburndale, Mass.

A FIRST CLASS LADIES SEMINARY,

AND

LADIES COLLEGE OF THE HIGHEST GRADE

Unsurpassed advantages in Music and Drawing

We would advise all who have daughters for whom they desire the highest intellectual, physical and moral culture, to avail themselves of the superior advantages of this institution.

Winter Term begins Dec. 12th.

For Catalogue, apply to

REV. SAM'L W. CUSHING, Principal.

M. TRECARTON, Preceptress

dec2 d&w6

WANTED.

A limited number of SECOND HAND SEWING MACHINES, for which a liberal price will be allowed in exchange for the new and beautiful

Keystone Machine.

For particulars call on or address

G. F. DANFORTH,

aug28 tf Main Street, Bangor

Lumbermen

CAN FIND THE CELEBRATED

HARDY & SHERMAN

Weld Pattern

CHOPPING AXES,

—AT—

Fogg & Bridges,

The only authorized Agents in Bangor.

dec3

A New Clothing House.

KELLEY & MARTIN.

PROFESSOR MARTIN, late of S. B. Fifield's, has formed a Copartnership with MR. JOHN A. KELLEY, at

NO. 1 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, Kenduskeag Bridge.

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public at large, that they have just received a new stock of

CLOTHS of the Latest Styles,

which they are prepared to make up in the best styles and most fashionable manner possible.

PROFESSOR MARTIN'S abilities as a Fashionable and Stylish Cutter, is well known in the City of Bangor and vicinity, as also is that of Mr. KELLEY, who is well known as a First Class Tailor. They can warrant

A BETTER FITTING GARMENT,

A BETTER STYLE GARMENT,

A BETTER MADE GARMENT

than you can get elsewhere in Bangor, and equally as good as you can find in Boston,

AT LOWER PRICES

than any other place in this city.

The reason why they can do it is, they do their own work, they pay no large salaries and take little out of the customer.

They have also a new stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

which they sell cheaper than you can buy elsewhere.

The will guarantee satisfaction in all cases or refund your money.

Call and give them a trial before you purchase elsewhere.

MILITARY COMPANIES

will find this the best place to have their uniforms made.

Bangor, August 13, 1872. 3 s r

USE

WRIGHT'S INK

For sale in Bangor by

DAVID HUGHES & CO., and E. F. & W. G. DURREN.

aug31 eod 1y

Maine Central Railroad Company

1873

Expressly Authorized by the Legislature!

THE MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY now offers for sale a limited amount of its seven per cent. Consolidated Bonds. Said Bonds have forty years to run, and are, by express authority of the legislature of Maine, secured by a joint and severe mortgage on the Railroads, Franchises and all the property, real and personal, of the following united railroads, to wit: The Maine Central, Androscoggin & Kennebec, Somerset & Kennebec, Androscoggin & Leeds & Farmington Railroads. Thoroughly safe. No better or safer investment for trust funds can be made.

They are of the denominations of $100, $500, $1000, with registered and coupon, with interest payable semi-annually.

FOR SALE, PAR AND INTEREST,

BY

JOHN SAYLES & SON,

BANKERS,

Main [illegible]

The Last Half Million

OF THE

7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

ISSUED BY THE

CHICAGO, DANVILLE & VINCENNES

Railroad Company.

Are now offered for sale, about $3,500,000 having already been sold.

The road (212 miles in length) is the air-line low-grade route to Chicago from the Indiana Coal Fields.

That portion of the road (132 miles) which has been in operation since December, 1871, has earned, over and above all expenses,

$262,313.48,

its interest obligation upon Bonds, for the same time being but $160,416.67 gold.

The net earnings increased from $15,553.45, in December, to $28,209.83, in October the latter being at the rate of $340,195.44 per annum. The total interest liability upon the total issue of Bonds upon the whole is $280,000 gold. The 132 miles are, therefore, earning net, more than enough to pay interest upon the entire bonded debt upon the 212 miles.

These figures give the best assurance, to careful investors, that the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company are SAFE BEYOND QUESTION.

The Indiana Division giving direct access to his coal mines, and completing the connection between there and Chicago, will be in operation by January 1st, and the earnings of the road will be thenceforth largely increased.

The company is not in debt, and owns a large and very valuable real estate in Chicago, beside having an equipment of twenty-four first-class locomotives and about 800 cars.

The Bonds are at the rate of $16,500 per mile, are for $1,000 each, and have forty years to run, the interest (at 7 per cent gold), payable in New York, April 1st, and October 1st.

The present price is 90 and interest from October 1st, the Company reserving the right to advance the price at any time.

Early orders are suggested, in order to secure any portion of this extremely desirable loan.

For further particulars, statement of earnings, maps of the line, &c., apply to

Messrs. Bowler & Merrill,

Bankers & Brokers,

142 Exchange St., Bangor, Me.

OR

W. B. SHATTUCK & CO.,

Bankers,

23 Nassau St., New York,

General Agents.

dec18 d&w3m

Portland Machine Works,

W. H. FESSENDEN, Proprietor.

STEAM ENGINES,

Marine, Stationary, and Portable

Boilers and Tanks, Gauge, Mill Work, and General Machinery,

215 COMMERCIAL STREET, Portland, Me.

novl8 3m

New Firm

—AND—

NEW GOODS.

J. W. THOMPSON and NATHAN P. KELLOGG have entered into a partnership, under the firm name of THOMPSON & KELLOGG, and will keep a choice stock of

Family Groceries,

at the old stand of J. W. THOMPSON & CO., No. 19 Central Street.

They intend to keep a choice stock of all groceries needed in a family, which they will promptly deliver to customers, and at prices as low as at any similar establishment.

We shall give earnest attention to business, and endeavor to merit public patronage.

Old friends are especially invited to give us a call.

J. W. THOMPSON,
NATHAN P. KELLOGG.

dec2

GO WEST!

You can save $4 on each Ticket

by buying via

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

To Canada, Detroit, Chicago, Saginaw, St. Paul, Salt Lake City, Denver and San Francisco, and all points

West, Northwest and Southwest!

THE GRAND TRUNK is in splendid running condition, is fully supplied with first-class rolling stock, including the

CELEBRATED PULLMAN PALACE CARS,

and is making the best connections and quickest time of any route from Bangor.

Baggage checked from Bangor to Chicago, and not subject to Custom House examination.

For full particulars enquire at the old agency,

No. 22, West Market Square, Bangor Maine.

WM. FLOWERS,

Eastern Agent

aug31

MUSIC.

A good assortment of SHEET MUSIC may be found at

S. F. COSS'S,

No. 5, Gothic Block, Main Street.

feb2 tf

NOTICE.

The Directors of the Penobscot Lumbering Association will receive sealed proposals, by or before the 20th day of February next, for rafting the logs of said Association, for the next rafting season. The Association to furnish the tools, Rope, Anchors, Buildings, furniture, &c., that they now have on hand, the same to be appraised when taken and when returned, the party rafting the logs to pay the difference in the appraisal for the use of said articles, and give a bond satisfactory to said Directors for the proper and faithful performance of said rafting, which is to be done under the direction of the Directors of said Association, said Directors reserving the right of rejecting any or all proposals that may be received; the whole matter to be submitted to the Penobscot Lumbering Association at its next annual meeting.

Per order of the Directors.

ASBURY MOON, Clerk P. L. A.

Bangor, Dec. 14, 1872. tu

Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company.

The annual meeting of the members of the Merchants' Mutual Marine Insurance Company will be held at their office, in Bangor, on Tuesday, the 21st day of January, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

The Stockholders of the Penobscot Insurance Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said Company will be held at their office, in Bangor, on the third day of January, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

HENRY K. GRAY,

Secretary.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, two insertions,	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 00
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week*, one third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until ordered out and charged for.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

ALL SORTS AND SIZES

Texas has sent an agent to Europe for emigrants.

England has planted 1,000,000 American oysters.

Nearly all the officers of Victor Emanuel's household have American wives.

The Cabinet ladies do not furnish strong drink at their receptions, this year.

The Misses Greeley are residing with their aunt, Mrs. Cleveland.

The French Canadians own a church in Albany and run a newspaper in Troy.

Stokes's debt is $150, and she has seventy cents in the Treasury.

About 1300 people daily ride across the Mississippi river on the ice.

A paper called the Meteor is edited by the inmates of the Alabama Lunatic Asylum.

Recent earthquakes in British Columbia have encouraged several first-class volcanoes to make themselves manifest.

John Russell Young is to start a new weekly paper in London, next month, to be called the Weekly News.

Mr. John Hoey of New York, has paid $11,000 in gold for the painting of "Charlotte Corday Meditating the Murder of Marat."

Professor Loomis of New Haven says the thermometer was lower at that city on the 28th of December than it has been for 93 years.

Lake George was frozen over on December 25, 1872—the third time in thirty years at so early a day.

Poetical justice: the convicts at Joliet Penitentiary manufacture the belts worn by the Chicago Police.

A late Russian invention enables station masters to ascertain, by a telegraphic apparatus, the condition of all sleepers on their section of a railway line.

The Mikado of Japan has ordered his subjects to abandon the cumbrous, and difficult national fashion of dressing the hair, and adopt the European style.

The Prussians have relaxed their criminal code, and as a result 1570 prisoners have been pardoned. They had only completed a fraction of their term of sentence.

The New York Commercial Advertiser suggests the utilization of the recent swarthy emigrants by organizing a dozen first-class Italian opera troupes.

A correspondent claimed that the women of Bilbao, Spain, are made straight and supple by having to carry all the iron ore of the place on their heads.

A gentleman in Lancaster, Pa., offers fifteen cents for every live partridge brought to him. He will provide them with proper food and shelter and set them free in the spring.

A woman in Edwardsville, Ill., whose husband was murdered, while drunk recently, brought a suit of damages against the man who sold him his liquor, and the one who sold it to his murderer.

There is only one thing that will frighten the Pennsylvania travellers by railroad worse than small-pox, and that is when a man gets into the car with a package of nitro-glycerine under his arm, as happened the other day, resulting in a general panic.

HOARSENESS.

A SURE CURE FOR "LOSS OF VOICE."

Dr. John W. Corson, of Orange, N. J., communicates to the *Medical Record* of Jan. 1, a valuable paper on "Borax and Nitrate of Potass., in the Loss of Voice from 'Colds' in Public Speakers and Singers." Dr. Corson says that some years ago, while in charge of "Hitchcock's Throat and Chest," in connection with the New York Dispensary, at the suggestion of a non-professional friend engaged in teaching elocution, he was led to test the efficacy of borax, or the biborate of soda, in many cases of sudden hoarseness from cold, which he at once found in mild attacks acted like magic. Ten minutes before any continuous effort at speaking or singing, a lump of borax the size of a garden pea, or about three or four grains, is to be held in the mouth till it is slowly dissolved and partially swallowed—distilling as it were, down the throat. For an hour or so it frequently renders the voice quite silvery and clear. For this purpose it possessed three special advantages. It is easily obtained, convenient to carry in the vest pocket, and perfectly harmless. Borax thus used, as one may readily prove, stimulates the secretion of saliva and makes the whole mouth and throat "water" profusely. Dr. Corson is careful not to claim too much for borax, and he remarks that neither in chronic affections of the throat, nor in acute inflammation, nor in "tonsilitis," once established, has he found borax of any special efficacy as a curative.

The use of the other remedy above named, "nitrate of potass," is thus introduced:

An early friend and patient of ours, since deceased, a New York dock builder, much exposed to the weather, claimed to have a secret remedy for "colds." But he was too generous to bury anything useful. At length he confessed that it consisted in covering up early in bed, drinking a glass of water, and sucking a piece of the nitrate of potass—or *saltpetre*, as he preferred to call it—the size of a garden pea or a little larger, till it was slowly dissolved and swallowed. We think we improve his prescription by sweetening the water to cover the mawkish taste of the saltpetre, mixing them and swallowing them both together. We also increase the dose, from gratifying personal experience, to five grains. As a courtesy from our profession to clergymen and singers, we may suggest that they will find it very convenient in travelling to carry a few five-grain powders of the nitrate of potass, prepared by the druggists for ready use. Like the borax, it relieves the dryness of the vocal cords. It is also easily obtained in every household, and, taken in the dose recommended, is quite harmless. With the help of the extra clothing and a glass of water it is useful for a whole night's gentle perspiration, and then if taken at the very commencement, breaks up the cold. It accomplishes this as do warm foot-baths, with hot teas, or Turkish or Russian baths, if used early, by opening those millions of pores of the skin, which Prof. Draper, when magnified through his microscope, has shown, resembling the inner surface of a severe cold tell us, the blood is slightly poisoned by suppressed perspiration. And the simple method of thus promptly opening these pores, we may add, that the energy of any of these remedies is much increased by exercising on a warm shawl or counterpane, sitting on the arms of a chair, and making the inner surfaces of the arms and feet pass to a moderate degree of rubbing, to bring on a free perspiration.

STATE NEWS.

The new school house in Augusta will be dedicated Jan. 16th.

Free vaccination is again offered by the city of Augusta.

The late defaulting treasurer, Caswell of Belgrade, is in Augusta jail.

The small-pox is abating in Eastport; no new cases are reported.

There is a temperance revival in Pembroke originating with the hardest drinkers in town.

George Todd of Calais was very severely hurt by being run over by a sled load of wood recently.

One of the oldest citizens of Auburn, Capt. John Penley, died on Friday, at the advanced age of 90 years.

Mr. Frank Robinson, aged 28, of Sabattus, died on Tuesday, from disease contracted while in the army.

There is a movement among the physicians of Androscoggin county to establish a public hospital in Auburn.

The *Journal* says that the aldermen of Lewiston have passed an ordinance forbidding the erection of wooden buildings on Lisbon street.

There are now ten cases of small-pox in Portland, six of which are at the hospital—Two of the patients are convalescent and will be discharged this week.

Mr Kenniston, master car builder at the Maine Central shops in Augusta, has built a car platform that is much stronger than the "Miller platform."

The *Mail* learns that the citizens of West Waterville are quite generally signing a remonstrance against the proposed division of the town.

There have been 55 marriages, 7 divorces and 114 deaths during the last three years in Wiscasset. There were but 8 marriages in 1872, against 25 in 1871.

At Brownfield, Oxford county there is an increased activity in the manufactures of wood. Shovel handle, short lumber and box factories are doing more business than ever.

And now it is the Norway *Advertiser*.—Hear it: We hardly believe in the doctrine of total depravity, but our opinion has been terribly shaken of late, while viewing two loads of wood that cost us $11.

The new steam Mill, building in Alna by Treat, Lang & Co., is fast approaching completion, and will be ready to go into operation by the first of February next. It will consume some 8000 cords of hard wood a year, to be sawed into staves.

Edward Hanlan, a man about 54 years of age, was thrown from a sleigh in Portland Saturday afternoon. The result was the fracture of two ribs. He was conveyed to the lodging rooms at the police station, and his case attended to by the city physician.

A couple of fellows from this city went to Stroudwater recently, and having taken something before starting, and adding thereto in that suburb, undertook to drive their team off the wharf at low water. Several citizens arrived just as the horse had got to the brink and prevented an accident that could only be regretted on account of the poor animal.—Portland *Press.*

The *Journal* says that there came near being a fire in Auburn, a few days since, from a curious source; a toilet bottle full of water, of white glass, with indigo base, sat on a table. (The morning sun shone into the room of which an invalid was the only occupant.—She soon smelled smoke, and as of burning wool on and queried what it could be. Turning her face toward the table, she discovered a woolen mat on which the toilet bottle stood, on fire in several places. In a few moments the table and room would have been on fire had she not speedily extinguished it. The concave surface of the bottle had acted so as to converge the warm rays of the sun upon the woolen, and set it on fire. Several experiments and advices have resulted similarly, but the bottle emptied of its contents did not produce the same effect.

Miniature Almanac.	Wednesday, Jan. 15		
	(EASTERN TIME)		
SUN RISES,	7 18	MOON RISES	6 37 PM
SUN SETS,	4 44	HIGH WATER,	11 44 AM
LENGTH OF DAYS,	9 26		11 42 PM

Marine Journal.

PORT OF WINTERPORT.

TUESDAY, Jan. 14.

CLEARED

Barr Kalahdin, Kelly, Boston

Shipping Notes.

Sch Paul Seavey, of this city, is on the large screw dock foot of Market street, New York, to strip, calk and repair.

Sch Carrie E Woodbury, Woodbury, at Baltimore for Georgetown, S C, reports heavy weather on the passage, and lost boat and part of deck load.

By Telegraph

PORTLAND, Jan 14. Steamship Austrian, from Liverpool arrives this morning.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The Boston Pilots hereby give notice that on and after Monday, Jan 13, there will be a boat stationed off Cape Cod, between Highland Light and Race Point. A light-vessel will be kept by day stationed by a blue jacket white flag, drawn as the Fog-Signal Buoy; night signals Red light. Vessels bound to Boston and wishing the services of a Pilot, to make a signal by rockets or flash light.

MEMORANDA.

Schs Francoma of Ellsworth and Com Keafney of Calais will winter at Providence.

James McDougal at Hodgson's Mills is putting on a new top-sail 100 ton schooner, belonging to parties in Southport.

DISASTERS.

The wreck of sch Rio Dominica was sold at auction at Grand Manan on the 6th inst. The hull, sails, rigging and one anchor brought $185. They were purchased by parties in the island; 200 tons of four was bought by parties from Eastport and the balance by Grand Manan parties.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

PORTLAND. Cld 13th, barque Linda Stewart, Strickland, Matanzas.

BOSTON. Ar 12th schs M W Drew, Perkins, Jacksonville; Nathaniel Stevens, Sabin, New Orleans; Humming-bird, Lewis, Pensacola.

Cld 13th brigs Ocean Bride, Hopkins, Cardenas; Ellen Maria, Hodgdon, Cienfuegos; schs Ellen Stanwood, Stanwood, Cuba; Ocean Wave, Ryan, Cuba; Ellen Austin, Gilchrist, Havana.

Sld 13th, barque Ellen Crosby, Pendleton, Cienfuegos.

Ar 14th, brig Alison Rowell, Atherton, Philadelphia for Portland; schs Hattie E Sampson, Davis, do for do; Georgia, Beier, do for Salem; Joe Carlton, Spear, Weehawken for Rockport.

Sld, sch Charlie Cobb.

Ar 13th, schs M A Marrion, Barker, Philadelphia for Portland; Della Hodgdon, Marker, St Mary's for do; Hat, Nash, Savannah for Boston; and Fly, Lindsey, from Calais for New Haven.

NEWPORT. Ar 14th, schs Vandalia, Fullerton, and Hudson, Foss, Rockland for New York.

PROVIDENCE, Ar 14th, schs Paragon, Squire, Port Johnson; Empress Kennedy, New York.

Ar 12th, sch Grinnell, Hickey, Calais.

Ar 13th, schs Harmonia, Burgess, Elizabethport; Commerce, Borns, New York.

Below 13th, sch Leslie A Johnson, Hakinson, Philadelphia.

NEW YORK. Ar 13th, sch Martha Davis, Veazie, Anx Cayes.

Ard, brigs Cascade, o, Cuba; Amelia Emma, Matanzas; sch Annie Whiting, Demerara.

BALTIMORE. Ar 13th, sch Ida S Burgess, Cottrell, fm Brunswick.

SAVANNAH. Ar 11th, sch Lottie Ames, Wooster, for Philadelphia.

Ar 9th, brig Frontier, Morgan, Portland.

Cld 14th, sch Zac Soper, Soper, Boston.

SAN FRANCISCO, Ar 31, barque Martha Hideout, Foss, Port Blakely.

NEW ORLEANS. Ar 4th, ships Marco Greenleaf, Poole, Antwerp; McNear, Scott, Belfast.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Cienfuegos 8th, schs Angie Amesbury, Jones, St John; F E May Monroe, Hall, Ellsworth; Ada A Orr, Orr, Portland.

Ar at Sagua 8th, brigs George Nelson, Stowers, Winterport; George S Boardman, Bradley, Eastport.

Ar at do 9d inst, barque Sarah K Kennedy, Hall, Matanzas.

Ar at Havana 31st, barque Carrie B Long, Parks, Portland.

Sld 2d, sch Ada Ames, Adams, Jacksonville.

In port 9th inst, barque Tom Dispaut, Nickels, for New York.

Ar at Port Philip Islands Nov 6th, barque Ateona, Shaw, Port Gamble, W T.

Ar at Shanghai 2d inst, barque Everett Gray, Lorbar, Liverpool; sch Allegro, Cohen, Jokos, Baltimore.

Ar at Penang 1st inst, barque Martha E Heald, Nickels, for New York for Rangoon.

Ar at Bangkok 6th inst, brig E K Kennedy, Hallett, Portland

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1873.

THE CREDIT MOBILIER.

Since the public curiosity was measurably satisfied by the removal of the ban of secrecy and the publication of the testimony of Mr Comb on the one side and Ames on the other, the reports of the Credit Mobilier investigation are becoming more voluminous than interesting, and if the sessions are continued much longer the newspapers and their readers will cry for quarter. From an interminable report of the session of Tuesday, we eliminate the following substance:—

On opening the session the Chairman announced that the Committee would decline acceding to Mr Brooks' request to examine the records of the War Department with reference to McComb's character, as irrelevant to the business in hand. The rules of evidence would be adhered to.

Neilson, Brooks' son in law, recalled, testified that he borrowed $5,200 of Sidney Dillon to buy Credit Mobilier stock with. Was intended to Dillon by Brooks and had known him only six months prior to this loan. Gave Dillon as security stocks and bonds of the Pacific Railroad.

Hon J A Garfield made a long statement in this purport: In 1868 or '67, George Frances Train urged him to invest $1,000 in the Credit Mobilier, a company which he was organizing to purchase lands and build houses along the line of the Pacific Railroad. Garfield was referred to Ames who spoke well of the investment. Nothing further was said until the session of 1868, when Ames spoke of the matter, said the company was doing well and he had some of the stock to sell. That Garfield could take the amount Train had offered, by paying $1,000 and accrued interest and if not in funds Ames would loan it to him. Garfield said he would consider the matter and satisfy himself as to the pecuniary liability. The matter rested another year during which it was understood that dividends of nearly treble the par value had been declared, but learning that the company was involved in some controversy with the Pacific Road and that Ames' right to sell the stock was denied, at their next meeting Garfield informed Ames that he had decided not to take the stock. He had no other dealings in any way connected with the Credit Mobilier. He once borrowed $300 from Oakes Ames and repaid it, and that was the only valuable thing he ever received from or delivered to that person. He concluded "I never owned, received, or agreed to receive any stock of the Credit Mobilier or of the Union Pacific Railroad, nor any dividends or profits arising from either of them."

B F Ham, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer of the Credit Mobilier, produced a portion of the corporation books in which Oakes Ames appeared as owning 150 shares. Nesson was entitled to 50 shares new stock from the fact of owning the 100 shares. Had no personal knowledge that Brooks had anything to do with those shares. There was nothing to show who paid for the stock. The dividends were always paid to the person in whose name the stock appeared. The names of neither Dawes, Garfield, Scofield, nor Kelley appear on the books. Messrs Hooper and Alley of Mass, Boyer of Penn, Grinnell of Iowa, were original subscribers. The stock stood at 40 in the early part of 1867, but it was 200 or 250 in Dec '67 or Jan.

Kimball nothing of any shares set apart to be distributed among Congressmen. Knew part for the shares in his name as trustee. Supposed the books had disappeared to avoid the clutches of James Fisk, jr., and business. Did not know where they were.

H C Crane, formerly Assistant Treasurer of the Credit Mobilier, testified that on Dec 21 1867 James Brooks paid him a check for $7,000 and a draft for $3,000, for which at Brooks request he delivered to Charles H Nesson 100 shares Credit Mobilier, and 200 shares and five first mortgage bonds of the Union Pacific Railway. The transaction was by Durant and not by the company. The five bonds were then worth $5. Witness did not know how much profit was realized by Brooks. Had thought he made a good trade. Did not know what reasons induced Durant to make the transfers to Brooks or Nesson. Brooks had loaned Durant $25,000 Oct 10 1867 for three months at 10 per cent and $20,000 on January 30, at same rate, which was all subsequently paid. Witness could swear positively that the $10,000 above referred to was not on account of any loan. Had for the stock transferred to Nesson by request of Brooks.

He believes the substance of testimony given in some cases only by a judicious cross-examination, but it shows that the committee are gradually bringing out the facts. It now appears that while many of those assailed at the outset have been able to exhibit a satisfactory record, others who were not mentioned in this connection have been placed in a most uncomfortable position by the facts brought to light. By the time that the two committees shall have completed their investigations the public is likely to be tolerably familiar with the interior history of the Credit Mobilier.

Instead of explaining its remarkable change of base on the question of municipal aid to railroads, the *Commercial* indignantly informs its readers that while THE WHIG is lacking in ability and entirely destitute of "brains," the editor of the *Commercial* has a superabundance of both and of a very superior quality. The public will doubtless be gratified by this specific assurance of the possession of gifts which might otherwise have remained unsuspected, but it does not explain the sudden change of heart on this railroad question. Our neighbor's "ideas" on the subject may have been peculiarly brilliant at all times, but considering that he has persistently denounced the granting of municipal aid to railroads as an unjustifiable and ruinous policy, while he now waxes eloquent and impetuous in urging Bangor to loan its credit for $2,000 000 to build the Aroostook Railroad, ordinary people will surmise that with all their brilliancy, there must be something radically wrong in one or the other set of these diametrically opposing "ideas." Was our neighbor sincere in the first position or in the present? Or are his "ideas" of so elastic a nature to be influenced by such trifling considerations as consistency or principle?

The columns of the *Commercial* would seem to indicate that the exuberant talent of its staff might be profitably employed in affording its patrons a better imitation of a newspaper.

Thomas C. Durant states that the report of an interview with him published in some of the papers, in which he is stated to have said that William E. Dodge was interested in the Credit Mobilier stock, coupled with a slur upon President Grant, is entirely untrue, no such interview having been held.

The Mobile *Register* says the blame of the "present defeat and humiliation of the Democratic party" upon the Missouri *Republican* and Louisville *Courier-Journal*, and says:—"The first hour in which the words 'New Departure' were printed, at that hour the wedge was entered that, little by little, was at last driven home to the rivals of the Democratic party. Before that first, final and assumably word was written, the Democratic party was slowly but surely recovering its strength, its standing and influence in the country."

THE CENTRE OF GRAVITY OF POPULATION.

(From the Boston Journal.)

According to the recent letter of Gen. Garfield, the centre of gravity of our national population is now, or was at the time the last census was taken, near Wilmington, Ohio. Its march westward has been as follows: Beginning in 1790, the beginning of our nation, at York, in the southwest corner of Pennsylvania, a little above the 39th degree of latitude, it passed a little to the south of that degree, crossed the Alleghanies about 1838, moved across the Pan-Handle of Virginia in 1850, reached the Scioto river in 1860 and is now rapidly passing over the State of Ohio, still dropping a little to the south of west as it goes. The average rate of progress for the last eighty years has been fifty miles per decade, but it is now going at about eighty miles for each ten years. It is estimated, however, by good judges, that this rate cannot be kept up long, because the main tide of settlement will soon reach the poorer soil of the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, and will pause, deploy, as it were, or double back on itself. While later, explorations dispelled the notions of utter and wide spread sterility which used to attach to the "great American desert," and the mining resources of those regions supply to a certain extent an equivalent for their want of agricultural inducements, yet it is clear that there is no such land there as that of Illinois and of the other rich prairie sections already occupied. In the course of the next two censuses, and possibly before that of 1880, this difference may tell on the rate of the centre of population.

It is also possible that the direction of this centre may be varied in the future by a change of influences. Thus far emigration has been, as a rule, westward along the same lines of latitude. The majority of New Yorkers leaving home go to Michigan and Wisconsin, Virginians betake themselves not only to Kentucky and Missouri, but to southern Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, although always free States, yet in the same latitude, while Vermont ships over several States to land the greater number of her emigrants in Wisconsin, due West. Of course there have been exceptions to this rule, as in the emigration from agricultural to manufacturing states, as from Maine and New Hampshire to Massachusetts, and the settlement of the Northwest largely by the central and southwestern States. We think, also, that in society gets older there is a marked tendency southward in general migrations. Whether it is that, with the increasing refinements of life, people grow more delicate or not, they certainly seem to have a greater dislike of cold climates. Every year sees a greater number of invalid residents at the South with many who are not invalids whose means enable them to enjoy a more agreeable climate than that of the North in winter.

Hitherto this Southern tendency of emigration, even if it formerly existed in its present strength was counteracted by the existence of a dissimilar and offensive institution, which bore with peculiar hardship, because inflicting a species of disgrace, upon the average emigrant who had to make his way in the world with his own hands. Slavery, in fact, was an impassable wall to free labor. The statement has been made on good authority that "there are not probably in all of the Southern States 50 000 emigrants from the free States," that is, not so many as Maine alone has sent into Massachusetts. That state of things cannot continue much longer. It is true, there has been no great change since the war closed—not so great as was generally anticipated; but the bitterness of Southern society has not yet had time to subside, and the tremendous revolution inaugurated by emancipation has not fully worked itself out. But a great improvement has been accomplished, nevertheless, and when we consider the increasing evidences of the profitableness of cotton culture and the attractions of many other kinds of pursuits at the South which had no foothold in the old days of slavery, together with the climate influence given above, we have reason to believe that even the next census will show a material increase of southwestern emigration. This will tend to check and divert the western progress of the centre of gravity of the national population, besides contributing to a salutary intermixture of the national elements and to the prosperity and strength of the Union.

The Washington *Chronicle* says regarding the Modoc Indian war: "When the cause of the trouble is investigated it will be found it have been started up by designing parties desirous of selling the lot of so called swamp land to the Government, as a reservation, who dissuaded the Indians from going upon the new reservation which the Government had marked out for them."

THE ANNEXATION QUESTION IN NEWFOUNDLAND. The tendency of public opinion in Newfoundland is strongly indicated by the fact that the new Parliament which is soon to assemble is nearly unanimous for pressing the independence of the island so far as the Dominion is concerned. Of the thirty members composing the Parliament, all but two are opposed to the Confederation. The only remains of British authority are a nominal Governor and a solitary Union Jack over his residence. The sympathies of the people tend toward annexation to the United States, and it is believed the action of the coming Parliament will be favorable to the project.

VANDERBILT. The N Y *Sun* gives currency in its financial article to the report that Commodore Vanderbilt is buying up all the Western Union Telegraph stock offering, to punish Clark, of the Gould Clark clique, his offending son-in law, who is said to be heavily on the short side of the stock. Hence the recent fluctuations and present unsteadiness of the stock, and the neglect by the clique of Lake Shore, Union Pacific and Northwestern.

A RUMOR ABOUT BISMARCK. A London letter says that the retirement of Bismarck from the Prussian Cabinet is really due to differences arising between him and the Emperor William on the church question, that the Kaiser became alarmed at Bismarck's course towards the Catholics, and declined to further follow the Prince in his policy.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF NEW YORK CITY. The annual report of the Department of Public Instruction of the city of New York, which is recently published shows that the cost of maintaining the schools, exclusive of erecting new buildings, for the past year, was $1,715,882. The total number of pupils was 107,055. The number of teachers, 2657, or nearly if not over 300 in excess of the entire police force, which fact of itself is a good sign for New York, in that it takes more persons to educate children than officers to repress the criminal classes. Of the whole force of teachers 359 are males and 2298 are females, and the general satisfaction which the latter give shows that woman is specially qualified to the profession of a teacher. There are now in all, 237 schools and departments, of which nine are set apart for the instruction of colored children, distributed over the several wards of the city.

The New York Post, alluding to the obstruction to the consideration of the repeal of the franking privilege in the Senate by Mr. Vickers of Maryland, calls attention to the fact that the Maryland delegation last spring obstructed important legislation in a similar manner. It says the repeal has been adopted by the Republicans as a party measure, and follows the matter pretty closely. Democrats will follow the matter pretty closely. Democrats will follow the matter pretty closely. Democrats will follow

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM AUGUSTA

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

AUGUSTA, Jan 14

The annual session of the Maine Board of Agriculture, which included a State Convention, was opened at Winthrop Hall this morning at 10 o'clock. Delegates from home to day, and will remain for days. The following officers were elected —President, Warren Percival, of Bangor; Vice President, Louis Adams, and Secretary, Geo. W. Harlman.

The afternoon session was devoted to a discussion of the propriety of the organization of a State Horticultural Society. The prospects for the establishment of such a society are fair, the attendance is good, and indications are that the Convention will be a success.

FROM PORTLAND

ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT

PORTLAND, Jan 14

A young man was brought in to day by the Grand Jury, charged with embezzlement, and ex Mayor, for coin received for his services as a member of the City Government. The young man is said to have paid out a warrant of equity for $4,000 worth of liquors some time since, which the owners seized them while in transit to the Sheriff and shipped them back to the State. It caused much feeling among the friends of the young man, who is said to be the earliest time.

VESSEL DISASTER.

Capt. Hall and St John pilot, arrived here in the steamship Austria from Liverpool, report that they took the ship St John for Newcastle out of the harbor, that day when he left her she had 3 feet of water in her hold, the pumps were manned and she was leaking. The pilot, seamen, and the crew in general demanding that the vessel return to Baltimore. He hailed the ship and was taken on board, he thinks she will be abandoned.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FROM NEW YORK

THE WOOD TRIAL

The motion was to dismiss on the ground that the issue of the paper could not be proved by Julius Chauncey, and that the issue of the paper in the Challis article was not obscene as charged.

SUICIDE ARRESTED

NEW YORK, Jan 14 Trueman C Bishop, charged with shooting and killing Geo Johnson in Middlebury, N Y, last Saturday night, was arrested here to day He says he was in self defence.

FROM WASHINGTON

NEW ORLEANS MATTERS

WASHINGTON, Jan 14. The House Committee on Judiciary, to whom the New Orleans matter was referred, took no action to day, but will wait until documents are printed.

THE KANSAS BRIBERY CASE.

The Committee on elections this morning finished their investigation of the election of Messrs Wood and Finney to the Kansas Legislature were examined. Mr Wood testified that Thomas Carney offered him $1,000 to vote for Caldwell, and that he had certain friends in Sidney who offered to give him $1,000 and a sad of worth 5000, if he would vote for Wright and that other offer.

A MINORITY REPORT

Mr Wright, of Iowa, and Perry, of Pennsylvania, will say report dissenting from the report of the majority of the Committee on Mr Wells's resolution to expel Foster, members in excess of the Legislature.

FROM MINNESOTA

THE SIOUX—MEETS FRIENDLY INDIANS

ST PAUL, Jan 14 During the late Sioux troubles, the Indians to deal with the settlers in other parts of the country. Two men were frozen to death, and two teamsters were frozen to death in Washington and three others badly. The worst in the mail at Detroit.

FROM WEATHER

WAR DEPARTMENT

CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER

WASHINGTON Jan 14 —S P M

Probabilities

New England and winds veering to the southerly, cloudy weather and rain in the southern portion and snow for the northern.

FROM NEW HAMPSHIRE

FALL OF AN IRON BRIDGE

CONCORD Jan 14 The Iron Bridge over the Merrimac at Manchester fell this A M, while a load of wood drawn by three horses was passing. Alderman Harvey was passing. Mr Harvey and his son were not injured but the driver had a leg broken. The bridge was built by Mr Moseley patent very recently.

FROM BOSTON

ESCAPE OF A MAIL ROBBER.

BOSTON, Jan 14 George W Williams, who escaped was pending to day in the U S District Court for robbing the mails, escaped from the private room of the Court House and from prison, whereabouts is a conundrum to the officers who had him in charge.

ACQUITTED

The trial of Hill Barlow and Mills in the U S Circuit Court, for attempting to scuttle and burn the barque Falcon off Bayale resulted in a verdict of acquittal.

BANK STATEMENT

Statement of the Boston National Banks as returned to the clearing house Monday morning

Loans,	$48,750,000
Specie,	123,528,700
Circulation,	656,000
Deposits,	2,736,700
Due from other banks,	653,100
Due to other banks,	10,880,800
Increase,	241,700
Decrease,	21,920,600
Increase,	15,500
Decrease,	19,734,400
Increase,	721,700
Deposits,	55,771,500
Increase,	730,700
Circulation,	25,500,900
Decrease,	24,100

FROM NEW JERSEY

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE

TRENTON, N J, Jan 14 The Legislature met and organized to-day, electing John W Taylor President of the Senate and Isaac L Fisher Speaker of the House Gov Parker's Message says the finances are flourishing and the school fund reaches $800,000, the State Institutions are all in good condition. Amendment to amend the Constitution in many respects is recommended, New Jersey is urged to take a conspicuous part in the National Centennial The Governor says there is a cause for congratulation that the exciting questions growing out of the war are settled and the Constitutional Amendments everywhere recognized, and that which is a protest against the growing tendency towards centralization, and against any infringement of the clearly reserved rights of States.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC TERMINUS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 14. The Board of Supervisors last night adopted a resolution expressing the willingness of the city to grant the Central Pacific Railroad Company such facilities on Mission Bay as is necessary to bring the Railroad cars and ships together, provided the Company will withdraw the Goat Island bill from Congress, and make Mission Bay their permanent terminus. The resolution was passed unanimously.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

SENATE

Mr Sherman from the Committee of Finance made a report accompanied by a resolution declaring that the Secretary of the Treasury has not the power under the existing law to issue United States notes for any portion of the $44,000,000 in notes cancelled under the act of June, 1865.

Mr. Pomeroy reported from the Committee on Finance, a bill amending section 29 of the National currency act, so as to prohibit National banks from incurring liabilities exceeding one fourth of their capital stock Passed

Messrs. Harlan and Logan presented memorials of soldiers urging the passage of the Homestead granting 160 acres of land to honorably discharged soldiers It was stated that the bill would require 320,000,000

The bill making the pay of Customs weighers and gangers in Boston the same as in New York, was passed

A resolution was passed that the Judiciary Committee enquire whether each State has not now full power over railroads therein, including the rates of freight and for passengers

The Agricultural and Arts College bill was debated at length. Several amendments were offered and rejected, after which the bill passed—yeas 30, nays 14

Mr Logan, from the Military Committee, reported without amendment the House bill providing for the establishment at Rock Island of a military prison

Adjourned

HOUSE.

After passing three Western bills the House went into committee and took up the Legislative appropriation bill. The pending question was on Mr Randall's amendment prohibiting the payment of transportation of troops on a Railroad, while in default to the government for interest on bonds

Mr Beck of Kentucky, defended the action of the Conference Committee of 1872, upon the section relieving the railroad, saying that the conferees of the House desired it struck out but the Senate conferees insisted upon it That it was argued in the Senate and insisted on by 36 to 18 and when before the House he (Beck) called the attention of the House to it as objectionable, but no one in the House opposed it or called for a division upon it. He intimated that the present action is influenced by the "red flag" of the Credit Mobilier

After further debate Mr Randall's amendment was withdrawn and one by Mr Hibard of New Hampshire substituted as follows

That the section of the army appropriation bill approved March 3, 1871, is hereby repealed and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to apply all such sums of money as are now, or shall become due to either of the Pacific Railroad Companies embraced within the provisions of said section from the United States for transportation of troops, supplies, mails or otherwise to the payment of the indebtedness of such Companies to the United States, for the interest paid by the United States on bonds issued to the benefit of such Companies

Mr Wheeler of New York, moved to amend Mr Hibbard's amendment by adding that a proviso that the repeal shall not take effect until after the Attorney General shall report to the Secretary of the Treasury that such Railroad Companies are liable to the government for any amount of interest paid by the government on bonds issued in aid of such companies Mr Hibard of New Hampshire spoke in support of his amendment

After a long and animated debate Mr Wheeler's amendment providing for the decision of the Attorney General on legal points was lost by 90 to 91

Mr Hibbard's amendment on motion of Mr Dunnam of Iowa, was amended so as to read "that the section of the army appropriation bill of March 3, 1871, is hereby repealed" As thus amended, the amendment passed without a division

An amendment that no judgement of the Court of Claims be paid on account of monies seized from rebels, was rejected

The Committee rose and reported the bill to the House

After some contest over the question of raising the salaries of clerks employed in the House, the House without coming to a final vote on that question or on the Pacific Railway question or any of the amendments adopted in Committee of the whole, adjourned

NEW HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION,

GOV STRAW RE NOMINATED

CONCORD, N H, Jan 14. The New Hampshire Republican State Convention met here to day, 625 delegates being present Daniel Hall of Dover, presided Gov Straw was nominated for re-election by acclamation, all the delegates rising and cheering with obthusiasm Edward P Hobsdon of Dover, was nominated Railroad Commissioner

THE RESOLUTIONS

adopted insist that the Philadelphia platform shall be faithfully and practically observed by a wise honest and economical administration of National affairs, by a thorough reform of the Civil service, by a rapid a reduction of taxation as will favorably diminish the public debt, and certainly preserve the public credit by such an adjustment of duties upon foreign imports as will cheapen the necessaries of life and bring the largest return to the labor and capital invested in the agriculture manufacture and commerce of the country and by a rigid enforcement of the secure articles of the Constitution which guarantee equal rights and exact justice to all classes irrespective of race, color, sex or condition

LOUISIANA

PINCHBACK ELECTED SENATOR

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 11 Pinchback has been elected United States Senator, by the Kellogg Legislature

VIRGINIA

A TUNNEL CAVES IN

RICHMOND Va, Jan 14 A caving of earth occurred on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway tunnel under Church Hill this morning making a chasm of 100 feet by 60 feet, and 120 feet deep Fortunately there were no residences over the tunnel at the point and nobody was injured, the working force having sufficient warning to escape.

FOREIGN NEWS.

PERSIA

THE SHAH PROPOSES A TOUR.

LONDON Jan 14 The Shah of Persia leaves Teheran in April on a European tour He will visit St Petersburg, Berlin, Vienna, London Paris and Constantinople

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14

MONEY easy at 5 a 7 per cent

STERLING EXCHANGE at 109¼ a 109¾

GOLD was steady most of the day at 112 a 112¼ closing at 112¼ a 112¼

LOANS at 4 a 5 per cent

CLEARINGS $23,000,000

Government securities closed at the following quotations

U S Fives	1867	111½
U S. Sixes (coupons)	1862	115
U S 5-20s	do 1862	113¼
U S do	do 1864	113
U S do	do 1865	114
U S do	do 1865 new	111
U S 67 do	do 1867	114
U S do	do 1868	114
U S 10-40s	do	111
Currency Sixes		103½
Central Pacifics		93
Union Pacific, 1st mortgage,		86½

Southern State securities closed this afternoon at the following quotations

Tennessee 6's (new)	56
Virginia 6's (new)	50
Missouri 6's	53
Louisiana 6s (new)	45
North Carolina 6s (new)	36
South Carolina 6s, (new)	22
Alabama 5s,	50
Georgia 6s,	70

The Stock market closed this afternoon at the following quotations

Western Union 96½, Pacific Mail, 71½ Boston Water Power Company 44, N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Company 108½ Harlem Railroad Company 115½, Reading Railroad Company 90½ Michigan Central Railroad Company 108, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company 92½, Illinois Central Railroad Company 131, Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 86½, Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 81, do preferred 87½, Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company 111½, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company 57½ do preferred 71½ Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 40 Boston, Hartford & Erie 6½

BOSTON STOCK BOARD,

[Sales at the Broker's Board, Jan. 13]

17 Eastern R R,	304
15 Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain RR pfd	109
8 Boston & Maine R R	148
5 Old Colony & Newport	116
7 Boston & Providence	1267
$1,000 Sixth City 6s	99
1,000 Maine State 6s	90

MARKETS

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

COTTON — sales 2126 bales — middling uplands 24c.

FLOUR—Sales 8,650 bbls — State and Western steady — State 5,10 a 5,60; Ohio, 5,20 a 9,50; Round Hoop Ohio, 7,20 a 9,60; Southern 5,15 a 12,75.

WHEAT — sales 43 000 bushels — Winter Red Western, 1,72 a 1 90, No 1 Spring 1,70 a 1,72

CORN heavy—sales 65 000 bush — mixed western, new 83½ a 84½, old do, 90

OATS steady — sales 44,000 bush — New white, 52 a 54, new western, mixed, 48 a 51

PORK quiet — sales 600 bbl — New mess, 13 75

BEEF dull

LARD at 7½ a 8½

BUTTER firm—Western, 20 a 30, State, 25 a 32

MOLASSES firm—New Orleans, 64 a 72.

RICE at 8 a 9

SUGAR—Muscovado 6 a 8½ Fair to good refining 8 a 9½

COFFEE — Rio 16 a 19½ gold

PETROLEUM quiet—Crude 9½, refined 23½ a 23½

NAVAL STORES firm —Spirits Turpentine, 61½, Rosin at 3 85

TALLOW firm at 8 a 8½

PROVISIONS tq Liverpool steady

CHICAGO, Jan. 14

FLOUR unchanged

WHEAT quiet — No 2 Spring 1,30½ on the spot, No 3 100½ a 101½, rejected, 92½ a 93

CORN is dull — No 2 mixed, 30½ a 30½ on the spot rejected, 8

OATS steady—No 2, 25, rejected, 23½

RYE quiet—No 2, 67

BARLEY —No 2 Fall 67 a 70

PORK at 11 90 on the spot, 11 85 a 11 87½ so ler March

LARD at 7 a 10 on the spot

[Reported for the Whig & Courier]

MAINE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 14, 1873.

Mr Whitmore of Hancock, presented remonstrance of S T Hinks and 72 others, against the incorporation of the Winterport Ferry Company—referred to Committee on Interior Waters.

Mr Carter of Sagadahoc, presented the petition of Josiah Merrow and 101 others of Bowdoinham, in aid of the petition of John Hayden and others, for a charter for a Railroad from Bath to Portland—referred to Committee on Railroads.

Mr Burgess of Cumberland, presented bill an act additional to an act establishing the Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad Company, which was referred to the Committee on Railroads. This bill provides for an extension of the road to secure terminal facilities and depot accommodations in Portland

Mr Arnold of Aroostook, presented the petition of Jesse Drew for a grant of land—referred to the Railroad Committee.

The bill relating to the administration of oaths by Justices of the Peace, which had passed to be engrossed, was recommitted to the Judiciary Committee, that Committee by some oversight, having overlooked the part the bill as it now reads, confers criminal jurisdiction upon Justices of the Peace, which was not intended

On motion of Mr. Carter of Sagadahoc, it was ordered that the Secretary of the Senate take from the files the petition of John Hayden and others, together with all petitions in aid of the same, and report of Committee thereon presented to the last Legislature, and that the same be referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The report of the Joint Select Committee on the arrangement of topics in the Governor's Message was taken from the table The Senate refused to reconsider the vote referring the portion of the Message relating to temperance to the special Committee on that subject, instead of the Judiciary Committee as it was proposed to amend.

It also amended the report by referring the portion of the address relating to biennial sessions to a Joint Select Committee instead of the County delegations, and the following on part of the Senate were appointed —Messrs. Butler of York, Howes of Franklin, Palmer of Somerset, Shaw of Penobscot, and Coffin of Waldo.

That portion of the address relating to the Agricultural College, was referred to the Committee on Agriculture The report was then accepted, and went to the House.

The following additional Committees on part of the Senate were announced —

On Immigration—Messrs. Smith of Penobscot, Dingley of Androscoggin, and Arnold of Aroostook.

On Jail System—Messrs Burgess of Cumberland, Martin of Oxford, and Lothrop of Somerset

The bill to authorize George W Mansur to navigate the Androscoggin river with a steam boat which he intends to run between Lewiston and Lisbon Falls, was amended, so that he shall not interfere in his operations with any dams or booms, giving him two years to carry on his enterprise, and if he does not commence operations within one year this charter is to be forfeited.

Passed to be engrossed—

An act to repeal chap 76 of the private and special laws of 1871, relating to the duties of the Constable of the town of Whitefield

An act authorizing the County Commissioners of the County of Franklin, to reassess certain taxes

An act authorizing Philip D. Yates and others to maintain a wharf in the tide waters in the town of Bristol.

An act authorizing Daniel Keene and others to erect and maintain a wharf in tide waters in the town of Bremen

Passed to be enacted—

An act granting a new charter to Bates College

HOUSE

Petitions, bills &c presented and referred—

Petition of C S Pennell and others, of A M Wetherbee and others, of Frank Moses and others, of J B Lam and others for a charter of a railroad from Bath to Portland, of J W Pillock and others in aid of Winterport Ferry Company; of L A Wadsworth of Hiram for a law for his better protection of public health, especially of school children, of Henry Ingalls and others, Directors of the Kennebec & Wiscasset Railroad Co, for amendment of charter, of Nathan Morrill and others for act to incorporate the Buckfield Savings Bank

Resolve relating to Hell Gate Pilot law.

Memorial of G M. Weston for repeal of resolve passed in 1860 relating to his account with the State

Remonstrance of the P S & P R R Co. against the location of the Boston & Maine R R at North Berwick.

Bill an act relating to free text books in public schools

Orders passed—

That the Committee on Legal Affairs inquire into the expediency of amending sects. 21, 26 and 27 of chap. 113 of R. S. relating to citations in poor debtors' disclosures.

That Committee on Judiciary inquire into the expediency of amending chapter 7, sec 8, and chap 8, sec 3, of R S, so that the votes for Register of Deeds and County Treasurers be counted by the Governor and Council at the same time and certificates of election be issued in same manner as for other county officers

That the same committee inquire into the expediency of a statute law for the punishment of persons placing obstructions on railroads

Passed to be engrossed—

Bill an act to incorporate the Auburn Central Manufacturing Co

Bill an act to amend an act to incorporate the Madagascal Dam Co on its passage to be engrossed was laid on the table, on motion of Mr Totman of Clinton.

Passed to be enacted—

Bill an act to incorporate the Maine Conference of Unitarian Churches.

Bill granting a new charter to Bates College Adjourned

ATTEMPTS TO ASSASSINATE LOUIS NAPOLEON At least six plots to assassinate the late Louis Napoleon were made. In October, 1852, when Napoleon, who was on the eve of becoming Emperor, was at Marseilles, an infernal machine, formed by 250 gun barrels charged with 1,500 balls, was to have been discharged against the Prince and his cortege, but the design was not carried out. On July 5, 1853, a fresh attempt was made to assassinate him as he was going to the Opera Comique. Twelve Frenchmen were arrested as concerned in the conspiracy On April 28, 1855 Jean Livernat fired two shots at the Emperor in the Grand Avenue of the Champs Elysees. In 18-7, Thibaldi Bartolotti and Grilli came from England to Paris to assassinate the Emperor, but were discovered, arrested, tried and punished. On January 14, 1858, Orsini, Gomez, Pieri and Rudia threw their shells at the Emperor. On December 24, 1863, Greco, Trabucco, Imperatore and Scagliani, who had gone from London with the intention of killing the French Emperor, were arrested in Paris.

Judge Humphries, District Judge of the District of Columbia, has resigned and Judge Busteed, District Judge of Alabama, whose has resigned that place, has been nominated to succeed Humphries. The latter will be nominated to succeed Busteed in Alabama.

The foundering of ship Tuscarora at Philadelphia, with corpse, from Mobile for Liverpool, is reported off Gibraltar, with loss of the captain and one mate.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

—The streets were quite slippery yesterday.

—The annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society occurs at Augusta to day.

—The Maine Editors and Publishers Association meets in Augusta to-morrow

—The Jersey Light Infantry give a grand Masquerade Ball at Town Hall, Oldtown, this event

—The temperature as shown by the thermometer, yesterday morning, differed from that of Monday morning by 51°.

—Paris Dree, whose restaurant was badly damaged by fire a short time ago, has repaired the damage and is now prepared for business

—The *Commercial* has again illustrated its enterprise, by copying yesterday from the Boston *Advertiser*, the report of the loss of bark Argentine of this city, which the latter Journal copied from the WHIG AND COURIER of last Friday

PRAISE MEETING. Gilmore's Band of Dedham, assisted by the Choir of the Congregational Church, and other lovers of music, held an interesting praise meeting in the Congregational Church on Saturday evening, the 12th inst. A large and appreciative audience were in attendance

JAMESON GUARDS. At a meeting of the Jameson Guards held at their new Armory on Main st. last evening, the vacancy made by the resignation of Lieut James Dean, was filled by the election of the second Lieutenant, Charles D. Clark to that office. The Orderly Sergeant, E. E Small, was elected second Lieutenant to fill the vacancy made by the promotion of Lieut Clark.

—Monday afternoon the sleigh of a well known physician was seen standing in front of a residence in this city Fearsome rumors of small pox flying through the air, and in a very short time a city official was knocking at the door. Fears of contagion suddenly vanished when the news informed them that it was only a wee bit of a girl, and the mother was comfortable.

—A man came into the store of Messrs. Dean & Pierce on Hammond street, the other day, and lit a pipe with a piece of paper which he threw into a coal hod sitting near a post on which some door mats were hanging. The burning paper set the mats on fire and Mr Dean seized and threw them out of doors receiving several severe burns on his hands

SMALL POX. The health officer informs us that there are now but three cases of this disease at each of the hospitals and only three or four cases besides, which are now under treatment. Seven nurses were discharged yesterday. Fourteen families in all have been discharged from quarantine since the first appearance of the disease in his city. There have been seventy cases in all and fifteen deaths, making a death rate of twenty three one hundredths.

ROBBED. A young lady, who came to this city last Friday on the train from St John, was robbed, as we learn, by some rascal of all her money, amounting to nearly $400 She was on her way to Boston, and did not discover her loss until she arrived at the Maine Central depot. She was provided with funds to continue her journey, by a kind hearted passenger. Three hundred and fifty dollars were represented by a check on a Boston Bank, which she will save by procuring a duplicate check.

FEMALE CHARITABLE SOCIETY. The annual meeting of the Charitable Society was held at the residence of Mrs A Holton on Summer street, yesterday, and the following officers elected for the ensuing year President, Mrs James McLaughlin, Mrs S F Strickland, Vice President, Mrs L Strickland Treasurer, and Mrs A Holton, Secretary, For Managers, Mrs J Towle, Mrs. L. Cutter and als, Mrs G K Jewett, Mrs. J. Gatusey, Mrs. F Lobbs, Mrs T Crosby, and Mrs. J. McLaughlin The society has been in operation fifty one years, the present being its fifty second

ANNUAL BANK MEETINGS The Stockholders of the following Banks of this city held the annual meetings yesterday, at their respective banking rooms, and elected officers as below stated

First National—Directors, George Stetson Isaiah Stetson, E. M Sabine, Wm McGilvery, (Searsport), S J Hersey, John A Peters, Franklin Muzzy T N. Egery, and Hannibal Hamlin.

The Stockholders after transacting their business adopted the following resolution.

Whereas, since our last annual meeting, the Hon Elijah L Hamlin, one of our Directors, has been taken from us by death.

Resolved, That by his decease we feel that we have lost one whose fidelity, intelligence, and urbanity rendered him a valuable friend and associate;—and we tender our warm sympathy to those who mourn the departure of one allied to them by the most sacred of human ties.

Second National—Directors, G K Jewett, J Wheelwright, T N Egery, John Patten, Frank Hinckley, President, G K Jewett, Cashier, W S Dennett

Casco National—Directors James Dunnag, Henry A Wood, Albert Holton, Isaac M Bragg, George A Parsons, President, James Dunning, Cashier, J Swett Rowe.

Merchant's National—Directors, S H Blake, Charles Stetson, N. C. Ayer, A. D. Manson, J. H. Bowler, Asa Smith, Francis Ball, President, S H Blake; Cashier, M T Stickney.

Traders National—Directors, Walter Brown Sidney Thaxter, Caleb Holyoke, Asa Thompson, L. J Morse, Ebenezer Trask, Charles G. Sears, President, Walter Brown, Cashier K Trask

RUNAWAY. An exciting runaway took place yesterday afternoon by which several persons came near receiving serious injuries. A pair of horses owned by J. E Harriman & Co, were coming down Centre street, drawing a heavy load of wood, when by some accident they became frightened and ran away The load of wood was promiscously scattered along the street, and as the draught became less by this unloading of the sled, the speed of the terrified animals increased, and they lashed down the hill past the Universalist church at break-neck speed Although there were several teams in the course of their mad career, no accident occured. But when the horses reached the corner of Exchange and State sts., they took to the side walk dashing through a crowd of men standing on the corner, luckily none of them were injured. At the Exchange street entrance to the Temperance Hall a large party of ladies and gentlemen were preparing to embark for a sleighride and the team scattered them in all directions, fortunately no accident happened here but the breaking of a pane of glass in the window of the Veazie Bank by one of the frightened individuals standing near by. The horses kept on down the street until they came to the office of M. Schwartz, in front of which on the sidewalk were several barrels of coal and out beyond Mr. Schwartz' horse and sleigh was standing. The runaways, jumped over the coal barrels and struck the sleigh, completely wrecking it and stopped, but the horse which was so suddenly interrupted in his meditations, started and ran up Pickering street and out of sight, leaving the other horses to be taken by the police and driven home.

ENTERTAINMENTS IN AID OF THE CHILDREN'S HOME. The first of the Entertainments given by the ladies of this city in aid of the Children's Home, was attended by a large audience at Horticultural Hall last evening. The arrangements for the entertainment were well managed, [illegible] the central stage was finely fitted up for presenting the different pieces. The tableaux, stationary, pictures, etc, were "hot" and exhibited under the direction of Mr George Bartlett of Boston, and fully attested his skill and taste Much credit is also due the ladies and gentlemen who sustained parts in these most trying situations, for the admirable manner in which they acquitted themselves No part of the programme was lacking in those essentials necessary to make it fully equal to the expectations of the audience, who rewarded those taking part in scenes, which in many instances were quite difficult, with rounds of hearty applause. The effect produced by the stationary, charades in tableaux, pantomine, and the exhibition of Mrs. Jarley's "wax figures" was most agreeable The excellent music of Andrews Orchestra served to increase the enjoyment of the evening, and when the curtain rose on the concluding piece, the farce "Atchi," the audience seemed in no degree wearied. The actors in this piece gave it with a spirit that brought out the full applause of the spectators. The entertainment passed off most agreeably and all who were present last evening, we are sure will attend the second time, when an entire change of programme will be made, and the drama "The Golden Farmer," which is considered by those who have attended the rehearsal, as a very fine piece, will conclude the entertainment.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

JANUARY (CIVIL) TERM.

HON. JONAS CUTTING, Justice Presiding

EZRA C BRETT, Esq, Clerk.

MONDAY, Jan. 13, 1873

The court came in at ten o'clock to hear cases referred to Court &c

Thomas F Josselyn vs Hannah Smith.

Action on account annexed for goods sold and delivered Defendant denied her liability, being a married woman On hearing judgment was awarded to plaintiff's Administrator for $54.52

Pratt Laughton

Peter H Andrews vs Annie Andrews.

Libel for divorce for desertion and adultery of wife. Divorce decreed.

Brown and Simpson

Annie F Nichols vs Avery N. Nichols

Libel for divorce for common drunkenness, adultery and desertion on part of husband Divorce decreed

TUESDAY, Jan. 14. 1873.

Nathan T Seekens vs Emeline L Seekens

Libel for divorce for desertion and adultery of wife Divorce decreed, custody of the child entrusted with the father

J F Robinson

Sarah E A Mains vs. John Mains

Libel for divorce—cause, desertion. Divorce decreed

PROBATE COURT—PENOBSCOT COUNTY

JOHN E GODFREY, Judge

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register

Summary of business transacted at the December Term, 1872

Wills filed for Probate—of John Martin late of Newport, John Hoben late of Orrington, Daniel Stevens late of Dixmont, Orin Coffin late of Lee, Peter Burgess late of Hermon.

Wills approved and allowed—of Morrill P. Shaw late of Levant, Cornelius H. Norcross late of Charleston, James Hartford late of Hampden, Henry B Nickerson late of Orrington.

Administrators granted—on estates of Samuel Bailey late of Oldtown, Nelson Ritchie late of Kenduskeag, James M. Smith late of Newburg, Alexander H Ellis late of Forbestown, California; John S. Pearson late of Bangor.

Notice ordered—on petition for appointment of an Administrator on estate of Alice K G Huse late of Bangor

Guardians appointed—Unto Percy H Ross and Flora B Moody, minors, Dexter, Lowell M Ireland, minor, Dexter, Harriet A. Cutter and als, minors, Brewer, James V Tewksbury, minor, Bangor, Charles F. Hendron, minor, Corinna.

Inventories filed in estates—Of Stephen Chase, late of Lincoln, Isaiah Avery late of Exeter, Lilla J Chick late of Corinth, Allen Howell late of Holden; Lucinda S Harris late of Dixmont, Dennis McCarthy late of Bangor, Ann Bickell late of Dexter, Susan P Norcross late of Bangor

Accounts filed for settlement—In estates of Stephen S. Chase late of Lincoln, Thomas Hopkins late of Bangor, (admr and trustee) William Hall late of Bangor; Simeon Morgan late of Dexter, Daniel B. Norwood late of Bangor; Elizabeth H. Jewell late of Bangor, (Trustees); Edward J Gorham late of Bangor, Elisha Marks late of Brewer Winthrop Chapman late of Exeter.

Accounts settled in estates—Of Daniel W. Wilder late of Oldtown; Roxana Millett and als, minors, Oldtown; Orin B. Reed late of Charleston; Frederick B. Smith late of Milford, Ralph W. Morse late of Bangor, (admr Trust and partnership); John Webb late of Bangor, Ellen Grace late of Eddington.

Petitions filed for License to sell Real Estate in estates—Of Harriet L. Cutter and als, minors, Brewer

License granted to sell real estate in estates—Of Barnard P. Wright late of Dixmont; Thomas C. Burleigh late of Springfield; Charles H. Bartlett, minor, Bangor; Alma E. Comins, minor, Eddington; Georgianna Hathaway, and als minors, Bangor; Caroline L Weatherbee, and als, minors Springfield, Cornelius Turner heir of Bangor, (renewal)

License granted to sell personal estate—In estate of Allen Crowell late of Holden; Isaac Boane late of Hampden.

Petition filed of widow for allowance in estates—Of Dennis McCarthy late of Bangor; Anna Bickell late of Dexter, (to widower).

Allowance decreed to widow in estates—Of John T. Tewksbury late of Bangor, Calvin D Page late of Charleston, Asa W. Russell late of Dexter, Preserved B Mills late of Bangor.

Petitions filed for assignment of Dower in estate—Of Preserved B. Mills late of Bangor, of administrator on estate of John Webb late Bangor, to be discharged from the trust

Affidavit of sale of real estate filed—In estate of Lillian M. Chapman, and als, minors, Newburgh.

Reports filed of Commissioners of Insolvency in estates—of Daniel W Wilbur late of Oldtown, (under extension), Benjamin Freeze late of Brewer, Andrew B. Dyer late of Lagrange; William Lowder late of Veazie; of Commissioners to set out dower in estate of Simeon Morgan late of Dexter.

Extension of time granted to Commissioners of Insolvency—in the estate of Samuel H. Dale late of Bangor;

Estates represented insolvent—of William H. Brackett late of Bangor, (Commissioners Charles F. Woodard and John Goodell, Jr.

Oakes Ames says that the only connection General Butler ever had with the Credit Mobilier was as retained counsel, with a fee of five thousand dollars, and that for one day's service in New York, in 1867, when the Company was struggling against James Fisk, Butler received an additional fee of one thousand dollars.

The N. Y. Post, commenting on Sidney Clarke's testimony as to the bribery in the Kansas Senatorial election, in which he was beaten by Caldwell, says: "The only difference between these two gentlemen, according to Mr. Clarke's own showing, is, that one got what he spent his money for, and the other did not. Supposing that Mr. Clarke tells the truth, we am sorry for Kansas that he is not her Senator, and glad for Kansas that she is not represented by Mr. Caldwell.

It is stated that Louis Wiebeck will visit Europe next year. [illegible]

NEWS ITEMS.

Admiral Alden's U. S. Fleet has arrived at Villa Franca.

The Erie Railway Company is to issue $10,000,000 convertible bonds for improvements.

In the Boss Tweed case on Tuesday, the forenoon was taken up by technical quibbling of counsel.

Part of a gang who have carried on a wholesale system of cattle stealing at Corinna, Utah, for two years past, have been arrested

It is rumored in Salt Lake City that C A. Washburne, late Minister to Paraguay, will be appointed Governor of Utah

Stephen English, of the *Dunnings Times*, has been sued for libel upon President Winston of the Mutual Life

Washington specials state that Senator Caldwell of Kansas, will probably be expelled from Congress.

It is stated that a general reduction of telegraph rates will be inaugurated shortly by all the companies.

South Bay, Long Island, is frozen from the main land to Fire Island, so that the people travel from the light house to the shore.

The N. Y. *Herald* states that the steamer Edgar Stewart has landed a full cargo of arms and ammunition and some forty recruits on the Cuban coast.

Governor Oglesby of Illinois, was inaugurated Monday His address recommends a reform of the jury law so that newspaper readers may sit on criminal cases.

A sleighing party was thrown off a small bridge in Muscatine, Iowa, Monday, and one lady was killed and several other persons badly injured.

The expenditures of New York city for 1872, the first year of the Reform Government, were $8,738,866 less than in 1871, the last year of Tammany Ring rule.

The State officers of Kansas, were installed Monday Gov. Osborne's first official act was to send a request to the President for the removal of U S troops from the Cherokee Neutral Lands, the controversy having been settled by the courts

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL

Missouri proposes to hold a constitutional convention

There seems to be no opposition to the re election of Senator Howe of Wisconsin.

The Evansville *Journal* thinks Schurz calls himself a "Progressive Democrat" because he is "going fast."

The great question of the session at Albany, it is said, will be the underground rapid transit project for New York city.

The charter election at Oswego, N Y, Tuesday, was a lively affair. The parties were the Republicans against the Democrats and everybody who would coalesce with them, and the former elected fourteen out of fifteen officers.

The New York *Times* takes the hopeful ground that "skilled talent," which seems to be the technical term for lobbyists, will be scarce at Albany this winter, owing to a dull market. It is said that Speaker Cornell will refuse passes to the floor of the House to these lobbyists.

The political excitement in Texas is reported subsiding, and a general era of peace and good will dawning Even the Democratic majority in the Legislature has given up its purpose to impeach Governor Davis, against whom such intense hostility prevailed.

Mr. Rodrigues of Louisiana, a Republican Representative, has been warned by the Ku-Klux not to dare to leave home, while an other warning from the same source, presumably, tells him that to return home will imperil his life.

Gov. Woodson, of Missouri in his inaugural proved himself far in advance of his constituents, the Democracy of that State, in in this sentence "Gentlemen, I do not believe that any party opposed to the cause of universal education ought to control the destinies of Missouri"

Proposed changes in our foreign ministers at present interest Washington politicians and letter writers Minister Marsh of Italy is said to have given dissatisfaction to the State Department and to Americans abroad and John A Bingham is suggested as his possible successor. J Milton Turner of Liberia has been so long absent from his post that there is no one figuring for that position, and William Crafts of Georgia, a well known colored man, is supported by the old anti-slavery interest.

THE ENFORCEMENT ACT IN ARKANSAS A dispatch from Little Rock, Ark., says that Judge Caldwell rendered a decision Tuesday in the case of Judge Harrison against Gove Hadley and others He sustains the defendants demurrer to the jurisdiction of the Court, saying: "The Court has no jurisdiction under the enforcement act of any election except where parties have been deprived of the right to vote by reason of 'race, color, or previous condition of servitude.' In the complainant's bill no averment of this kind is made." He gave leave to the counsel to argue the case before a full bench in April. Enforcing the decision of Judge Durell of Louisiana he says the Court in that case decided that it had jurisdiction solely on the ground that the averments in the complaint set up that the parties have been deprived of the right to vote by reason of their race, color or previous condition of servitude. In this suit no such averment is made and the complainant is remitted to the Courts of his State for relief

AN AWFUL EXAMPLE TO THE LAWLESS SUGGESTED. The N. Y. Herald of Monday, in a vigorous editorial, calls for the immediate trial and hanging of the guilty all at one time of he score or more of murderers now in the Tombs, for an awful example to the lawless. It says.—

Let the next few weeks be remarkable for the rigor of the laws. One after another let the men in the Tombs charged with murder be brought from their cells and put upon trial If they are guilty they must pay the penalty of guilt. Nothing must be allowed to weigh against this one consideration Stokes was convicted. Let the others be convicted also when their crimes are established Above all let this work be done speedily When all are tried, let all who are convicted be hanged together Crime has run such a bold course that it needs an equally bold pun

I AM A WOMAN

[illegible]

"Nina, a merry Christmas!"

The words were very sad and yet so earnest that I was ashamed of my own sudden shyness, and tried to answer in the same frank tone.

"I can come, you see, Elsie," he said, taking her on his knee as he sat down among us, "and nobody says how nice it is to see me. I think I will go back again.

"Are you come to live at the Priory now?" asked Tom eagerly.

"No."

"Who was with you in church to-day Mary?" asked father.

"Mr. Duncan, sir. He is staying with us over to-day, then he takes possession of his own estate.

"What! old Mrs. Duncan's step son!" we all exclaimed. "Is he come back—from the very furthest corner of the earth, one may say?"

"And did you bring him back, Mary?" I asked, feeling how proudly I was looking up into his face.

"Yes, Nina I brought him back, with the aid of many lawful and unlawful wiles," he said, with the old smile on his lips as he answered me.

"And—and—the wealth is his now?"

"The wealth has been always his, Nina but there were some useless forms for me to go through, and those, with our long search and many journeys, have taken up a whole year. Do you remember Duncan, Sir?" he added, turning to papa "Did you recognise him?"

"Hardly, Mary. He was nothing more than a handsome careless lad in those days, now he looks a middle-aged man—one too, who has passed through a hard and bitter battle with the world and, I fancy with him self too!"

"I wonder what old Mrs Duncan would have said if she had sprung from her still cold grave to see him, thus, naughty Nina!"

Perhaps I said, looking into the fire, while the cheek next Mary grew very hot, indeed. "Perhaps she knew what Mary would do."

"If she knew him well, she may have guess what my mother add-ed gently.

"I!—thinking I!" Mary so well—never, I hoped and believed if he laughed, giving Elsie a hasty kiss, and depositing her on my lap "I must go now," he said, to Mr. Dunc an will have enchanted I all my grandmothers relations of his ancestry May I come in for the evening?" Every one answered gladly except myself, but he smiled at me just as if I had done so.

Where is Mary? I thought, that night, as I lay awake, wondering and wondering. Not I, I knew, that we shall not have all this and things very clearer to me than they seem to be I should forget sewing minutes at the stairs as I did that night. I was so tired that I have told him whether he loved me or not. He is the kind of sho ld be his wife. I come had being yes, then now, which took him—in a way—by surprise. Yes, I know he—I mean—I had not accepted his love, he could not think himself bound to me and would go into a different world now, and see so much more wisely he could choose.

I know he will be a great man. I who lived to myself and I will rejoice in it as I rejoice in purity here. Perhaps, sometimes, when he feels tired of the state and grandeur he will like to rest a few minutes in the old garden with his sweet friends and nice old corners and I shall be quite friendly and glad to see him, always true to him in my heart whether he knows it or not. O, I am so glad that I did not tell him last night how I loved him.

Light, I said that I was glad though I had tried not to be friendship I would feel for him my heart would beat so rapidly when the others came that I dared not trust myself to look at him and while I wanted to be charmed each breath I drew became such a quick sharp pain.

Well after a week, we met for a long time, so nothing can happen—things for us, at least—seem to be Miss Grantly is where he was that night or and much what he was then. Spring came the rose bush peeped out the old walls of my home blossomed in the first fresh beauty looking as if my world had renewing in of many a happy spring time. Yes, the birds sang happy spring to me. But I am not the never came

Dreamily in its full and perfect beauty the summer followed on all the land lay in that a radiant smile, but through these long lazy days he did not come

I used to the reapers singing, at their work and I used to lie awake singing the song to the soft white clouds, but through all the happy music of the Autumn days there came a sad strain, perpetually, I felt, I felt, I felt